South Kesteven A Guide To Your Council Tax

2022-2023



SOUTH KESTEVEN DISTRICT COUNCIL



The Police and Crime Commissioner for Lincolnshire

Contacting your authorities

We can provide the information in this booklet in Braille, large type or other languages if required. Please contact South Kesteven District Council at the address below.

South Kesteven District Council

Council Offices, St Peter's Hill, Grantham, Lincolnshire, NG31 6PZ General enquiries: 101476 40 60 80 Council Tax enquiries: 10 revenuesofficer@southkesteven.gov.uk Business rates enquiries: 10 ndr@southkesteven.gov.uk Housing Benefit & Council Tax Support: 10 benefits@southkesteven.gov.uk Payment line: 0330 088 6753 Anti-social behaviour helpline: 10 0800 1830 279 10 www.southkesteven.gov.uk

Customer service offices

Grantham: St Peter's Hill, NG31 6PZ **Bourne:** South Kesteven Community Point & Library, 3 Abbey Road, PE10 9EF Please call or check website for opening times www.southkesteven.gov.uk

Please tell SKDC if:

- We've sent the bill to the wrong person
- You've moved house
- We've calculated your bill incorrectly
- We've calculated your Council Tax Support incorrectly
- You should receive: a discount; an exemption; a disabled band reduction; or Council Tax Support
- You should no longer receive: a discount; an exemption; a disabled band reduction; or Council Tax Support

To contact us about Benefits, Business Rates and Council Tax, see details above.



Benefit Fraud

We take the prevention and detection of fraud very seriously. You will be committing fraud if you make a false statement, or knowingly fail to tell us about any changes to:

- Money held in bank accounts, savings and investments
- Income you receive
- People living in your household and their circumstances

It is essential that you tell us immediately if you have a change of circumstances by emailing benefits@southkesteven.gov.uk If you suspect fraud is being committed please telephone: Housing Benefit – National Benefit Fraud Hotline **20800 854 4400** You can also report this online at: **www.gov.uk**

Lincolnshire County Council

County Offices, Newland, Lincoln LN1 1YL **General enquiries:** 01522 55 22 22 Construction controls and the services and the service of the

Lincolnshire Police and Crime Commissioner

Office of the Police & Crime Commissioner Deepdale Lane, Nettleham, Lincoln LN2 2LT 1522 94 71 92 (Fax: 01522 55 87 39) Lincolnshire-pcc@lincs.pnn.police.uk

Lincolnshire Police General Enquiries

- 101 (your call may be recorded)
- Emergencies: 999 and ask for police
- Minicom/textphone: 01522 55 81 40
- www.lincs.police.uk



Your Council Tax explained

Where does your Council Tax go?

South Kesteven District Council collects the Council Tax. However, we keep less than one tenth of it. The rest is transferred to Lincolnshire County Council, the Police Authority and Parish and Town Councils, as detailed on pages 11 to 20.

What is Council Tax and who has to pay?

Council Tax is a tax based on the value of residents' homes. Council and police services are paid for by income from Government grants, Council Tax, fees and other charges.

Owner-occupiers and their partners usually have to pay the Council Tax bill. Where homes are rented, the tenants and their partners will have to pay. In the case of empty homes, it's normally the owner who has to pay.

The owners of these properties also have to pay:

- Residential care homes, nursing homes and hostels, and
- Those occupied by
 - a minister of religion or a religious community
 - more than one household or resident, staff or asylum seekers

Please contact us if you have been made the liable person, but you believe this is incorrect.

What are valuation bands - can you appeal?

The Valuation Office, an executive agency of HM Revenue and Customs, has given each property a valuation band, between A and H, according to its market value in April 1991. If your property was built after April 1991, it will be valued as if it had existed then.

The Valuation Office Agency (VOA) values domestic properties for Council Tax. This valuation is used to set your Council Tax band. You might need to contact the VOA if you think your Council Tax band is wrong. You can find out more about when you can challenge your band and what you need to do at gov.uk/challengecouncil-tax-band. If you challenge your band, you must continue to pay Council Tax at your current band until your appeal is decided.

Band	Market value (at April 1991)
Α	Up to £40,000
В	£40,001 - £52,000
С	£52,001 - £68,000
D	£68,001 - £88,000
Е	£88,001 - £120,000
F	£120,001 - £160,000
G	£160,001 - £320,000
Н	More than £320,000



Can I appeal against my property's valuation?

The Valuation Office Agency (VOA) values all business properties for business rates. The valuation is based on information the VOA holds about your property. You can view and update this information at gov.uk/voa/valuation.

You can contact the VOA at gov.uk/contact-voa. If you are unable to use the online service you can also contact the VOA on 30000 501 501

The VOA is contacting businesses to request rental information to support the next revaluation of business rates in England and Wales – Revaluation 2023.

If you receive a request please complete and submit your up-to-date details. It is important to provide this information to ensure business rates are fair and accurate. You can find more information at

gov.uk/voa/revaluation2023.

In common with all local authorities, South Kesteven District Council has a duty to protect the public funds it administers. We are required to participate in data matching exercises, carried out by the Audit Commission's National Fraud Initiative, to prevent and detect fraud.

Council Tax discounts

You may be able to get a discount if no one lives in your property. The discount on furnished properties, which are no one's sole or main residence, is 10%. A discount of 100% will be awarded for one month on any unoccupied and unfurnished property, followed by a 25% discount for a further five months. After this a full 100% charge applies if it remains unoccupied and unfurnished.

If the property remains empty after two years, then a charge of 200% of the council tax will be payable on the two year anniversary date, if the property has been unoccupied for more than five years, then a charge of 300% of the Council Tax will be payable. If a property is unoccupied and requires major structural alterations or repairs, a discount of 25% will be awarded for up to 12 months.

You can get a 25% discount on your bill if there is only one person aged 18 or over living in your home. People under 18, or in one of the groups listed below, are NOT included when counting the number of people living in your home for Council Tax purposes:

- Most full-time students, student nurses and some apprentices
- The partner of a student or the dependant of a student who is not a British citizen and is not allowed to work in this country or claim benefits



- People who are long-term patients in hospital or who live in care homes
- People who are severely mentally impaired
- 18 and 19 year-olds still eligible for child benefit
- School and college leavers (from April to October if they are under 20 years-old)
- Low-paid care workers
- Residents of homeless hostels or night shelters
- Carers looking after someone who is not their partner and not a child of their own who is under 18 years-old
- Members of religious communities
- Members of visiting armed forces and international institutions
- Diplomats
- People who have been detained (except for those in prison for nonpayment of fines or Council Tax) Please contact us if:
- You think you should be getting a discount
- You are getting a discount and your circumstances have changed so that you should no longer get it

Council Tax exemptions

Generally, you don't have to pay Council Tax on the classes of property listed in the two sections that follow because they are exempt. Some classes do have time limits though and you may have to pay a charge after the exemption runs out. Please note that time limits run from when the circumstances of the exempt class first started to apply, and they don't restart if the property changes hands.

Classes of exempt EMPTY property:

Class B - owned by a charity (exempt for up to six months only) **Class D** - the taxpayer has been

detained (except for those in prison for non-payment of fines or Council Tax) **Class E** - the taxpayer has left the property to live in a care home

Class F - the taxpayer has died (exempt for up to six months after probate granted)

Class G - can't be lived in by law Class H - held for a minister of religion

Class I - the taxpayer has gone to live elsewhere to receive personal care **Class J** - the taxpayer has gone to live elsewhere to provide personal care **Class K** - left empty by a student

Class L - the mortgagee has possession

Class Q - the taxpayer is trustee to a bankrupt

Class R - unused caravan pitch or boat mooring

Class T - unoccupied annexe to occupied property

Classes of exempt OCCUPIED property:

Class M - student halls of residence **Class N -** all occupiers are students, school or college leavers or non-British dependants or partners of students

Class O - UK armed forces accommodation

Class P - visiting forces accommodation Class S - all occupiers are under 18 Class U - all occupiers are severely mentally impaired





Class V - main residence of a person with diplomatic privilege or immunity **Class W** - the annexe to a property occupied by a dependant relative.

Penalties

You must notify us of a change in circumstances within 21 days. Failure to do so could result in a penalty of £70 being imposed.

People with disabilities

You can get your bill reduced by one valuation band if you have a second kitchen or bathroom/wet room, solely used by the disabled person, a special room adapted for the use of the disabled person, usually a sensory room for a disabled child, a sterile room for dialysis, a room filled with hospital equipment, bed, machinery, hoists etc., or if the disabled person needs to use a wheelchair permanently, inside or outside the house, and the property has been adapted to allow this. Stairlifts, hand rails and ramps are not a qualifying criteria.

Claiming Council Tax Support

Don't pay more Council Tax than you need to. Council Tax Support can reduce your bill by as much as 100% if one of these applies:

- You have reached the qualifying age for state pension
- You are disabled, a carer, or a war pensioner
- Your savings and investments are valued below £16,000
- The income we have to take into

account is low enough for you to qualify

Most working age claimants can only receive Council Tax Support up to 80% of their Council Tax bill. Even if you own your own home and are working you may still be able to get this support.

And even if you don't qualify for any help in your own right, you may be able to get another type of reduction. This is where someone on a low income is living with you, who is over 18 and not your partner or paying rent to you. This is called Second Adult Rebate.

Help with your rent

If you rent your home and have a low income, you may be eligible to claim Universal Credit to help pay your rent. Please visit

 www.gov.uk/universal-credit.
You can also visit
www.southkesteven.gov.uk/
Benefits-And-Support which includes a benefit calculator to indicate where you may qualify for assistance.
Alternatively, if you are in temporary or supported accommodation, a pensioner, or pay ground rent the quickest way to make a claim is online at
www.southkesteven.gov.uk/ Turn2Us



How to claim Council Tax Support

The quickest way to claim Council Tax Support or Second Adult Rebate is online at (2) www.southkesteven. gov.uk/index.aspx?articleid=8129

Are you finding it hard to pay?

This booklet contains information about many discounts, exemptions, banding reductions and benefits that can help to reduce your bill. We can advise further on any of these schemes.

If you don't qualify or are already receiving some help, and are still finding it hard to pay, contact us as soon as possible to discuss your payments. The Citizens Advice (CA) gives free impartial advice to people struggling with various debts.

The CA South Lincs Advice Line is

The CA Advice Line is: **0808 278 7996**

www.citizensadvicesouthlincs.org.

The Council has the discretion to give Council Tax hardship discounts. These are given in cases of severe financial hardship. If you think this might apply to you, please contact us for more information on

🖀 01476 40 60 80



Council Tax explained

Your Council Tax for 2022/23

		Band A	Band B	Band C	Band D	Band E	Band F	Band G	Band H
	COUNTY	£954.78	£1,113.91	£1,273.04	£1,432.17	£1,750.43	£2,068.69	£2,386.95	£2,864.34
	POLICE	£184.20	£214.90	£245.60	£276.30	£337.70	£399.10	£460.50	£552.60
	DISTRICT	£106.62	£124.39	£142.16	£159.93	£195.47	£231.01	£266.55	£319.86
-									

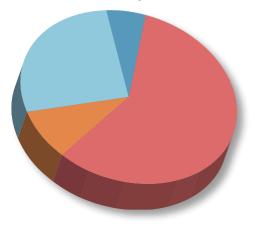
TOTAL £1,245.60 £1,453.20 £1,660.80 £1,868.40 £2,283.60 £2,698.80 £3,114.00 £3,736.80

In addition to the above charges you may receive a charge for Parish/ Town Council expenses and Special Expenses incurred in Grantham, Stamford and Langtoft. Please see the back page of this leaflet for the additional charges.

The council has taken the decision to increase its portion of the Council Tax including special expenses by £5.

This increase will contribute towards the funding of frontline services and enable investment in the delivery of the priorites.

The financial outlook remains very challenging and the council is focused on continuing to drive out savings, deliver efficiencies and introduce new ways of working to reduce costs and generate new income streams.



Where the money comes from

Council lax	58%
Reserves	9%

- Business Rates 27%
- Government Grants 6%

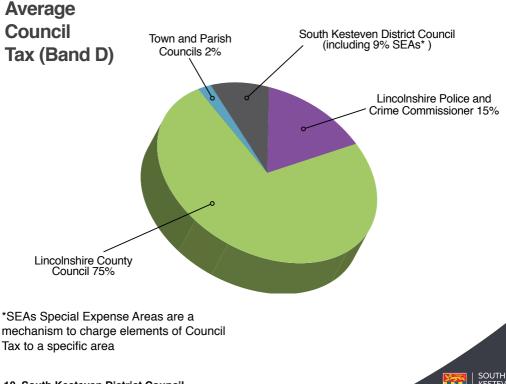


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Total Council Tax budget requirement

2021/22		2022/23
Net Expenditure £ 000		Net Expenditure £ 000
9,962	District Council tax requirement	10,392
65,647	Lincolnshire County Council tax requirement	69,756
12,815	Police & Crime Commissioner Lincolnshire tax requirement	13,458
88,424	Total cost met by Council Taxpayers	93,606
142,424	Population	144,893
£620.85	Total cost per head	£646.04

What does your Council Tax pay for?



10 South Kesteven District Council

Balancing the books

Lincolnshire County Council

Balancing the books

Overall, the council will spend £545m on a range of vital services in 2022/23. This includes over £200m for adult care, £80m for children's social care, £51m for highways maintenance and around £20m for the fire service.

Not only are we continuing work on the £100m Grantham Southern Relief Road this year, but we'll also be completing our £4.8m road reconstruction project to Roman Bank in Skegness this spring and starting our £1.4m improvements at Red Lion Square in Stamford this summer.

We'll also be spending £14.5m to rebuild over fifteen major A and B roads throughout the county, including the A17 between the Beckingham dual carriageway and the Brant Broughton crossroads, as well as between Byards Leap and Holdingham Roundabout.

There are no cuts to frontline services planned for this year. Over the next four years, we expect to find savings of around £25m through measures which include home working, increased use of digital technology, a reduction in administrative posts and the disposal of surplus buildings.

This will allow us to maintain our frontline services at a time when other councils are having to reduce theirs.

We will continue to push government for a fairer share of the national funding. Local councils have played a huge role in supporting our communities during the pandemic and we hope that we are given the money we need to provide the services our residents rely on.

You can find full details on this year's budget on the council's website at www.lincolnshire.gov.uk/budget

Council tax

The authority's funding comes from a combination of council tax, business rates and government grants.

In light of increasing adult care costs and a reduction in government funding for highways maintenance, the council will increase its share of the council tax by 4.99% this year.

The increase is shown on your bill and will generate an extra £22.756m for the council. For a property in council tax band A, the increase would be the equivalent of an extra 87p per week.

Lincolnshire is still expected to have one of the lowest council tax rates of all 26 English shire counties.



Changes in budget requirement

Lincolnshire County Council

Reasons for change in budget r	£m					
Budget requirement 2021/22		505.4				
Changes to gross expenditure						
	Adult social care pressures	13.2				
	Highways pressures	13.2				
	Home to school transport pressures	6.5				
	Pay, national insurance and price increases	12.1				
	Other pressures	8.7				
Changes to gross income						
	-4.8					
	Increase in service grants	-4.7				
Total change in services		44.1				
Increase in use of reserves	-4.9					
Budget requirement 2022/23	544.6					
Changes to funding						
	Increase in business rates funding	-1.8				
	Increase in government grants	-12.1				
	Increase in council tax	-25.2				
Total change in funding	Total change in funding					
Council tax increase of 3.0% (Adu	Council tax increase of 3.0% (Adult social care precept) to support adult social care pressures					
Council tax increase of 2.0% (general) to support other service net pressures						
Total council tax increase of 5.0% (4.99%)						

Note: The use of a minus (-) in front of a figure shows that either additional income will be received or that reserves will be used to support our spending.

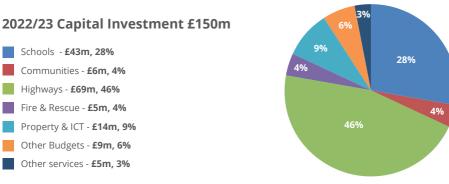
Capital investment & net budget spend 2022/23

Lincolnshire County Council

Schools - £43m, 28%

Communities - £6m, 4% Highways - £69m, 46% Fire & Rescue - £5m. 4%

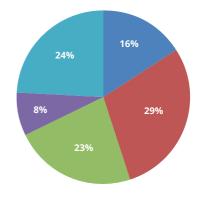
Property & ICT - £14m, 9% Other Budgets - £9m, 6% Other services - £5m, 3%



Communities includes: Cultural Services, Waste Management, Environment and Flood Management, Transport (including Home to School/College), Sustainable Planning.

2022/23 Net Budget Spend £545m

Children's Services - £90.5m, 16% Adult Care & Community Wellbeing - £156.8m, 29% Place - £125m, 23% Capital Financing Charges - £43m, 8% Other Services - £129.3m, 24%



Children's Services includes: Children's Social Care and Children's Education.

Adult Care and Community Wellbeing Includes: Adult Frailty & Long Term Conditions, Adult Specialties, Public Health & Community Wellbeing.

Place includes: Communities (which includes Cultural Services, Waste Management, Environment and Flood Management, Transport (including Home to School/College), Sustainable Planning), Lincolnshire Local Enterprise Partnership, Growth and Highways.

Other Services includes: Fire and Rescue; Resources; Commercial; Corporate; Other Budgets, Contribution from Reserves.

Our share of the council tax

Lincolnshire County Council

The table below shows the amount you pay towards Lincolnshire County Council's services. (This does not include the amounts you pay for district councils, parish councils or the Police and Crime Commisioner for Lincolnshire).

	Amount 2021/2022	Amount 2022/2023
Band A	£909.44	£954.78
Band B	£1,061.01	£1,113.91
Band C	£1,212.59	£1,273.04
Band D	£1,364.16	£1,432.17
Band E	£1,667.31	£1,750.43
Band F	£1,970.45	£2,068.69
Band G	£2,273.60	£2,386.95
Band H	£2,728.32	£2,864.34

Flood defence

The Environment Agency is responsible for protecting people and property against flooding from sea and rivers. The majority of its funding comes from the Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (Defra), but Lincolnshire County Council is also making a contribution of £0.657m for 2022/23 (£0.647m for 2021/22).

Funding and spending in 2022/23

Lincolnshire County Council

Services	Gross £m	Income £m	Net £m	Cost per Resident £
Children's Services	844.0	753.5	90.5	118.2
Adult Care & Community Wellbeing	324.4	167.6	156.8	204.6
Place	163.4	38.4	125.0	163.1
Capital Projects Charges	43.3	0.3	43.0	56.1
Other Services	157.5	25.9	131.6	171.7
Total planned spending	1,532.6	985.8	546.9	713.6
Contributions to/-from reserves	-2.3	0.0	-2.3	N/A
Budget requirement	1,530.4	985.8	544.6	713.6
Resourced by:				
Business Rates Local Retention			122.6	
Revenue Support Grant			21.2	
Other grants			55.9	
County Precept			344.9	
Total Funding			544.6	

Note: The responsibility for Home to Schools Transport has moved from Children's Services 2021/22 to Place in 2022/23.

Children's Services includes: Children's Social Care and Children's Education.

Adult Care and Community Wellbeing includes: Adult Frailty & Long Term Conditions, Adult Specialties, Public Health & Community Wellbeing.

Place includes: Communities, Greater Lincolnshire Local Enterprise Partnership, Growth and Highways.

Other Services includes: Fire and Rescue, Resources, Commercial, Corporate Services, Other Budgets and Contribution to Reserves.

Funding and spending in 2021/22

Lincolnshire County Council

Services	Gross £m	Income £m	Net £m	Cost per Resident £
Children's Services	830.3	708.1	122.2	161.7
Adult Care & Community Wellbeing	304.9	155.7	149.2	197.4
Place	110.8	36.1	74.7	98.8
Capital Projects Charges	42.2	0.5	41.7	55.1
Other Services	141.9	26.8	115.1	152.2
Total planned spending	1430.0	927.2	502.8	665.2
Contributions to/-from reserves	2.6	0.0	2.6	3.5
Budget requirement	1,432.6	927.2	505.4	668.7
Resourced by:				
Business Rates Local Retention			120.8	
Revenue Support Grant			20.6	
Other grants			44.4	
County Precept			319.6	
Total Funding			505.4	

The Secretary of State made an offer to adult social care authorities. ("Adult social care authorities" are local authorities which have functions under Part 1 of the Care Act 2014, namely county councils in England, district councils for an area in England where there is no county council, London borough councils, the Common Council of the City of London and the Council of the Isles of Scilly). The offer was the option of an adult social care authority being able to charge an additional "precept" on its council tax without holding a referendum, to assist the authority in meeting its expenditure on adult social care from the financial year 2016-17. It was originally made in respect of the financial years up to and including 2019-20. If the Secretary of State chooses to renew this offer in respect of a particular financial year, this is subject to the approval of the House of Commons. The offer has been extended to cover the financial years 2020-21, 2021-22 and 2022-23.

How your council tax will be spent on fighting crime and keeping communities safe



Police and Crime Commissioner Marc Jones and Chief Constable Chris Haward explain

how the extra council tax raised this year will be invested in front line policing to keep you and your community safe.

This extra money will be dedicated to:



Increasing visible policing

Maximising the number of police officers recruited and increasing the number of community beat managers by 12. Further increasing visible policing and protection for our communities.

Identifying criminals faster

Providing additional cutting-edge crime fighting capability by expanding the Digital Forensics Team and investing in the latest systems to identify criminals faster than ever before.

Tackling drug dealing and supply

Providing resources to work in partnership to deliver the new Lincolnshire Drug Strategy - tackling drug dealing and supply whilst supporting those targeted by the illegal trade in drugs to save lives and keep our communities safe.

Protecting children and vulnerable adults from sexual abuse

Boosting the Protecting Vulnerable Persons Unit to further protect the most vulnerable children and adults from sexual violence and abuse and help deliver the justice they deserve.

Reducing re-offending and the numbers of victims

Investing in greater and more effective partnership working in Integrated Offender Management to reduce re-offending and reduce the numbers of victims.





These developments could not have been contemplated without the additional money provided by our residents and their incredible support for policing.

Thanks to public support and willingness to back our police force, we are able to raise an extra £2.4m from council tax to reinvest in protecting our communities.

The vast majority of residents will pay between just 13p and 19p extra a week – but the money will go a long way to allowing investment in a range of new initiatives designed to prevent crime, protect people and communities and identify and arrest offenders.

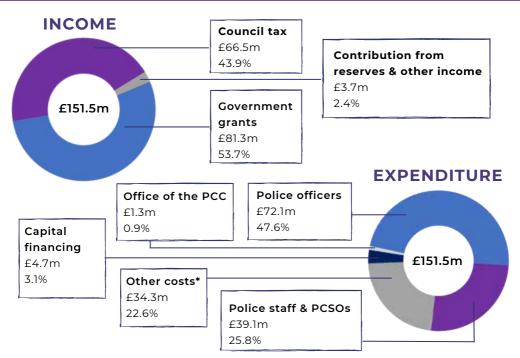
A robust consultation with the public was conducted at the end of 2021, receiving over 3000 completed surveys covering a range of policing, crime and council tax related questions. The full details of the survey can be found at <u>https://bit.ly/PCCAnnualSurvey</u>

The results of the consultation showed overwhelming backing from the public for increasing investment in policing.

75% of respondents said they were prepared to pay at least 5% more in council tax to support policing in their communities – higher than the proposed uplift.

Lincolnshire remains one of the lowest funded police forces in the country – spending less than almost any other area in the UK on policing – but continued support from the public through council tax and prudent investments in time saving and game changing technology and equipment have removed the immediate threats to financial sustainability.

What money do we receive and how is it spent?



*including custody, fleet, premises and regional collaboration

Property band			Cost this year (£)	Increase per week (pence)	
Α	177.54	6.66	184.20	13	
В	207.13	7.77	214.90	15	
С	236.72	8.88	245.60	17	
D 266.31		9.99	276.30	19	
E	325.49	12.21	337.70	23	
F	384.67	14.43	399.10	28	
G	443.85	16.65	460.50	32	
H 532.62		19.98	552.60	38	

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- @ lincolnshire-pcc@lincs.police.uk
- www.lincolnshire-pcc.gov.uk



Town and Parish Precepts

Town or Parish	2022/23 Parish Precept	Band D equiv.	Town or Parish	2022/23 Parish Precept	Band D equiv.
Town and Parish Councils	£	£		£	£
Grantham	45,000	3.96	Harlaxton	19,325	55.80
Stamford	546,048	73.98	Heydour	5,000	32.31
Bourne	218,110	37.08	Honington	0	-
Market Deeping	252,000	109.71	Horbling	6,456	39.96
Allington	20,000	56.61	Hougham	3,600	43.11
Ancaster	27,846	47.61	Hough on the Hill	7,935	45.36
Aslackby & Laughton	5,000	45.72	Ingoldsby	5,130	42.39
Barholm & Stowe	0	-	Irnham	1,600	15.48
Barkston & Syston	12,400	49.68	Kirkby Underwood	3,870	47.79
Barrowby	44,000	60.30	Langtoft	24,500	32.13
Baston	16,045	25.83	Lenton, Keisby & Osgodby	1,000	15.66
Belton & Manthorpe	2,272	10.98	Little Bytham	0	•
Billingborough	15,500	31.59	Little Ponton & Stroxton	600	8.73
Bitchfield & Bassingthorpe	0	-	Londonthorpe & Harrowby without	33,000	19.62
Boothby Pagnell	750	11.79	Long Bennington	50,950	52.83
Braceborough & Wilsthorpe	2,285	16.20	Marston	5,650	36.99
Burton Coggles	600	14.85	Morton & Hanthorpe	14,000	16.56
Careby, Aunby & Holywell	700	9.09	Old Somerby	3,500	38.25
Carlby	9,018	42.57	Pickworth	1,750	22.05
Carlton Scroop & Normanton	8,920	70.56	Pointon & Sempringham	10,017	50.40
Castle Bytham	15,500	49.23	Rippingale	18,426	52.56
Caythorpe	31,971	58.77	Ropsley, Humby, Braceby & Sapperton	13,000	39.42
Claypole	20,675	40.50	Sedgebrook	12,460	81.90
Colsterworth, Gunby, Stainby & North Witham	37,822	50.04	Skillington	5,050	36.72
Corby Glen	13,000	31.59	South Witham	25,000	52.74
Counthorpe & Creeton	0		Stoke Rochford & Easton	5,000	62.28
Deeping St. James	161,458	63.90	Stubton	1,400	17.73
Denton	5,800	47.88	Swayfield	2,200	14.85
Dowsby	2,000	36.09	Swinstead	3,363	40.50
Dunsby	700	13.59	Tallington	7,800	22.41
Edenham	2,950	25.65	Thurlby	19,616	23.67
Fenton	1,000	16.65	Toft, Lound & Manthorpe	0	•
Folkingham	11,000	38.88	Uffington	3,100	9.81
Foston	11,500	51.84	Welby	1,571	19.89
Fulbeck	9,774	45.09	Westborough & Dry Doddington	2,500	17.10
Greatford	3,900	29.88	West Deeping	9,000	76.59
Great Gonerby	28,836	38.52	Witham-on-the-Hill	3,073	31.77
Great Ponton	11,211	90.18	Woolsthorpe	9,000	62.46
Haconby & Stainfield	1,679	8.55	Wyville-cum-Hungerton	400	19.98
Sub Total	1,597,270		Total	1,937,112	